

## MASTER DE CHIMIE DE PARIS CENTRE - M2S2

### Proposition de stage 2019-2020

### Internship Proposal 2019-2020

#### Parcours / Specialty(ies) :

- Chimie Analytique, Physique et Théorique / *Analytical, Physical and Theoretical Chemistry* :
- Chimie Moléculaire / *Molecular Chemistry* :
- Chimie et Sciences Du Vivant/*Chemistry and Life Sciences* :
- Matériaux / *Materials*:
- Ingénierie Chimique / *Chemical Engineering*:

#### Laboratoire d'accueil / Host Institution

Intitulés / Name : Laboratoire de Réactivité de Surface

Adresse / Address : Tour 43-33 3<sup>ème</sup> étage, Sorbonne Université, 4, place Jussieu, 75005 Paris

Directeur / Director (legal representative) : Hélène Pernot

Tél / Tel : 01 44 27 55 33

E-mail : helene.pernot@sorbonne-universite.fr

#### Equipe d'accueil / Hosting Team :

Adresse / Address : Laboratoire de Réactivité de Surface

Responsable équipe / Team leader :

Site Web / Web site :

Responsable du stage (encadrant) / Direct Supervisor : Juliette Blanchard

Fonction / Position : Chargée de Recherche

Tél / Tel : 0144274914

E-mail : juliette.blanchard@sorbonne-universite.fr

Période de stage / Internship period \* : 5-6 mois à partir du 13 janv 2019

Gratification / Salary : <https://www.service-public.fr/simulateur/calcul/gratification-stagiaire>)

#### Titre / Title :

**nanocomposites zeolithe@basic oxide de type coeur@coquille: préparation et application à la catalyse tandem acide-base**

**zeolite@basic-oxides core-shell nanocomposites as catalysts for tandem acid-base reactions<sup>†</sup>**

#### 1. Projet / Project

The synthesis of complex organic molecules usually requires several successive catalytic steps and, between them, intermediate isolation and purification steps. Performing all these catalytic steps in a single reactor (so-called one-pot multi-steps catalysis) is highly desirable because it is simpler, more cost-effective and more environmentally-benign (thanks to waste reduction). This usually requires the simultaneous presence of two or more catalysts in the reactor. Immobilisation of these catalysts on a support is often a major requirement, not only because it allows an easier recovery of the catalysts but also because a site isolation of the different catalysts is often necessary to avoid mutual quenching of the active sites. This is specifically the case for acid-base bifunctional catalysis, that plays a key role in the synthesis of many fine chemicals [1,2]. Indeed, homogeneous acid and base are antagonist catalysts that will immediately neutralize each other when put in the same reactor, whereas anchoring these two catalysts on a solid support can prevent their neutralization by keeping them apart [3].

\* 5 mois à partir du 13 janv 2020 / 5 months not earlier than January, 13th 2020.

<sup>†</sup> For an english version of the project, please send an e-mail to juliette.blanchard@sorbonne-universite.fr

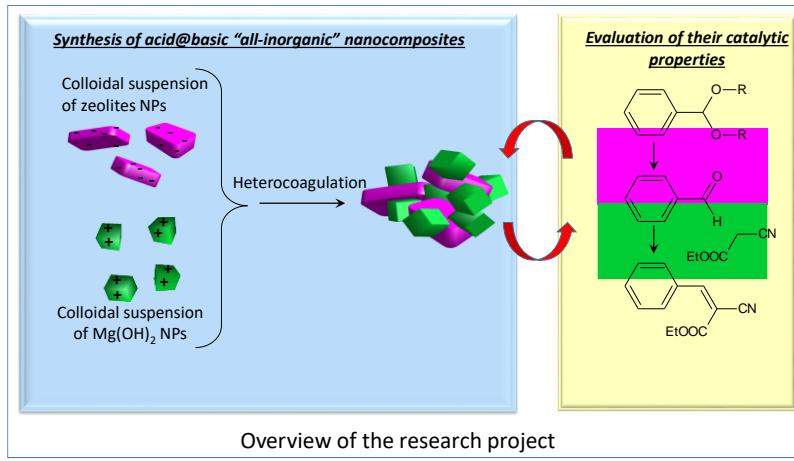
The objective of the present project will be to design “all-inorganic” core/shell composites with different intimacies between the acid and basic domains. The core of the catalysts will be made of a zeolite nanoparticle (bearing the acidic function) and the shell of basic oxides ( $MgO$ ). The two components will be associated through heterocoagulation [4]. This new type of catalyst will associate the good stability of inorganic materials with a high intimacy of the acid & basic functions thanks to nano-scale intimacy of the two components. These catalysts will be tested as tandem acid-base bifunctional catalysts in order to investigate the effect of the intimacy between the acid and basic component on activity and selectivity.

## 2. Techniques ou méthodes utilisées / characterization techniques & synthesis methods

Synthesis: preparation of inorganic colloidal particles (zeolite and  $Mg(OH)_2$ , preparation of mixed oxides)

Characterization: X-ray diffraction, Physisorption, TEM, measurement of particle size (DLS) and of their zeta potential, FTIR of probe molecules (density of acidic and basic sites)

Catalysis (if the project's progress unables it): catalytic test in batch reactor and liquid phase, chromatography



## 3. Références / References

- [1] S. Shylesh, W.R. Thiel, Bifunctional Acid–Base Cooperativity in Heterogeneous Catalytic Reactions: Advances in Silica Supported Organic Functional Groups, *ChemCatChem.* 3 (2011) 278–287. doi:10.1002/cctc.201000353.
- [2] D. Jagadeesan, Multifunctional nanocatalysts for tandem reactions: A leap toward sustainability, *Appl. Catal. Gen.* 511 (2016) 59–77. doi:10.1016/j.apcata.2015.11.033.
- [3] T.L. Lohr, T.J. Marks, Orthogonal tandem catalysis, *Nat. Chem.* 7 (2015) 477–482. doi:10.1038/nchem.2262.
- [4] O. Ben Moussa, L. Tinat, X. Jin, W. Baaziz, O. Durupthy, C. Sayag, J. Blanchard, *ACS Catalysis* 8 (2018) 6071–6078.